

Formal languages I: practicum problems

LING83800

Problem For any arbitrary set S :

- Is S a member of $\{S\}$?
- Is $\{S\}$ a member of $\{S\}$?
- $\{S\}$ a subset of $\{S\}$?

Solution

- $S \in \{S\}$
- $\{S\} \notin \{S\}$
- $\{S\} \subseteq \{S\}$

Problem Let:

$$A = \{\{\emptyset\}, \{X\}, X\}$$

$$B = X$$

$$C = \{X\}$$

$$D = \{\{X\}\}$$

$$E = \{\{X\}, X\}$$

$$F = \emptyset$$

$$G = \{\emptyset\}$$

$$H = \{\{\emptyset\}\}$$

$$I = \{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}$$

Of these sets:

- Which are members of A ?
- Which are subsets of A ?
- Which are members of I ?
- Which are subsets of I ?

Solution

- $B, C, G \in A$
- $A, C, D, E, F, H \subseteq A$
- $F, G \in I$
- $I, F, G, H \subseteq I$

Problem Let:

$$A = \{ab, cde, fghi\}$$

$$B = \{j, kl\}$$

$$C = \{mn\}$$

Now, list all the strings in the following (finite) languages:

- AC
- $A \cup C$
- $B^R \cup A$
- $C^?C^?$

Solution

- $AC = \{abmn, cdemn, fghimn\}$
- $A \cup C = \{ab, cde, fghi, mn\}$
- $B^R \cup A = \{j, lk, ab, cde, fghi\}$
- $C^?C^? = \{\epsilon, mn, mnmn\}$

Problem Let:

$$V = \{\text{Saruman, Sauron, Shelob}\}$$

List some strings in the set V^* .

Solution This set V^* is infinite and consists of the concatenation of zero or more strings in V . Here are some members of this set:

- ϵ
- Saruman
- Sauron
- Shelob
- SarumanSaruman
- SarumanSauron
- SarumanShelob
- SauronShelob
- ShelobSaruman
- ShelobShelobShelob
- ...

Problem Let:

$$E = \{\text{Elrond, Elros}\}$$

$$H = \{\text{Bilbo, Frodo}\}$$

List the strings in $E - H$.

Solution $E - H$ is the set of strings in E that are not in H . Since E and H have no common elements, $E - H = E = \{\text{Elrond, Elros}\}$.

Problem List all the strings matched by the following (finite) regular expression:

```
/(Godzilla|Kong)( (: King of the Monsters|: Skull Island|
vs. (Goldzilla|Kong)))/
```

Solution All the following are matched, in no particular order:

- Godzilla
- Godzilla: King Of the Monsters
- Godzilla: Skull Island
- Godzilla vs. Godzilla
- Godzilla vs. Kong
- Kong
- Kong: King Of the Monsters
- Kong: Skull Island
- Kong vs. Godzilla
- Kong vs. Kong

Problem List all the strings matched by the following (finite) regular expression:

```
/I am a ((proud )?wizard|baboon( brandishing a stick)?|
(fashionable )?cat)/
```

Solution

- I am a wizard
- I am a proud wizard
- I am a baboon
- I am a baboon brandishing a stick
- I am a cat
- I am a fashionable cat

Problem Which regular expression matches both `mother` and `father` and nothing else in the following sentence?

Your mother was a hamster
and your father smelt of elderberries.

1. `/.+ther/`
2. `/\w+ther/`
3. `/\w{2}[ther]/`
4. `/mo|fa(ther)/`

Solution Regular expression #2 matches both mother and father.

Problem Which regular expression matches just the words with two identical adjacent characters in the following sentence?

You must cut down the mightiest tree in the forest
with a herring!

1. `/\w*(\w)\1\w*/`
2. `/\w*(\w)+\w*/`
3. `/\w*\w{2}\w*/`
4. `/\w*[\w]{2}\w*/`

Solution Regular expression #1 matches both tree and herring. NB: the `\1` portion, known as a *backtrace*, is not part of the definition of regular languages, though it is supported by most regular expression engines, including Python's `re`.

Problem Which regular expression matches only the bold portion of the following sentence?

What sad times are these when passing ruffians can say
`%&\$#@!' at will to old ladies.

1. `/[^A-z\s.`']+/`
2. `/^(A-z\s.`')+/`
3. `/[\W\S]+!/`
4. `/[^A-z.`']?/`

Solution Regular expression #1 matches the bold portion.

Problem Write a regular expression that matches **I am a hobbit from**, followed by zero or more occurrences of either **the Shire** or **Galt's Gulch**, followed by **who is home** and optionally **sick**. Handle spacing between words using your knowledge of English.

Solution

```
/I am a hobbit from(( the Shire| Galt's Gulch)*)  
who is home(sick)?/
```